```
c=============================================================
c     arraydemo.f:  Program which demonstrates manipulation
c     of 'run-time' dimensioned arrays in Fortran.
c
c     The program accepts two integer arguments which
c     specify the bounds for the two-dimensional arrays
c     which are to be defined and manipulated.
c
c     The basic guidelines are as follows:
c
c         (1) To deal with run-time defined dimensions,
c             perform all array manipulation (including
c             input and output) in SUBPROGRAMS rather
c             that the main program.
c
c         (2) Always pass ALL bounds of an array, along
c             with the array itself, to subprograms which
c             are to manipulate the array.
c
c         (3) Declare sufficient storage in the main routine
c             to deal with the largest array(s) you
c             anticipate dealing with, but make sure that
c             you always check that the size of the storage
c             is sufficient
c
c         (4) An address of a location in a ONE dimensional
c             array can be passed to a subprogram expecting
c             a multi-dimensional array.
c=============================================================
      program         arraydemo

      implicit        none

      integer         iargc,          i4arg
```

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c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Single-dimensioned array which can be used to provide
c     storage for the multi-dimensional array manipulation.
c     ("Poor-man's memory allocation")
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      integer         maxq
      parameter     ( maxq = 100 000 )
      real*8          q(maxq)
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     'Pointer' to next available location in 'q'
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      integer         qnext
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     'Pointers' for three 2-D arrays ('a1', 'a2', and 'a3')
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      integer         narray
      parameter     ( narray = 3 )
      integer         a1,       a2,       a3
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Array bounds which are to be defined at run time
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      integer         n1,       n2
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Get the desired array bounds from the command-line
c     and check that there is sufficient 'main-storage'.
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      if( iargc() .ne. 2 ) go to 900
      n1 = i4arg(1,-1)
      n2 = i4arg(2,-1)
      if( n1 .le. 0  .or.  n2 .le.  0 ) go to 900
      if( narray * n1 * n2 .gt. maxq ) then
         write(0,*) 'arraydemo: Insufficient main storage'
         stop
      end if
```

```
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Initialize the main storage pointer ...
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      qnext = 1
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     ... and set up the 'pointers' for the two arrays
c     with bounds (n1,n2).
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      a1 = qnext
      qnext = qnext + n1 * n2
      a2 = qnext
      qnext = qnext + n1 * n2
      a3 = qnext
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Define and manipulate the 2-d arrays using various
c     subroutines.
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      call load2d( q(a1), n1, n2,  1.0d0 )
      call load2d( q(a2), n1, n2, -1.0d0 )
      call add2d(  q(a1), q(a2), q(a3), n1, n2 )

c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Dump the 3 arrays to standard error.
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      call dump2d( q(a1), n1, n2, 'a1' )
      call dump2d( q(a2), n1, n2, 'a2' )
      call dump2d( q(a3), n1, n2, 'a1 + a2' )

      stop

900   continue
         write(0,*) 'usage: arraydemo <n1> <n2>'
      stop
      end
```

```
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Loads a 2-D array with the values:
c
c     a(i,j) = sc * (100 * j + i)
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      subroutine load2d(a,d1,d2,sc)
         implicit      none

         integer       d1,         d2
         real*8        a(d1,d2)
         real*8        sc

         integer       i,          j

         do j = 1 , d2
            do i = 1 , d1
               a(i,j) = sc * (100.0d0 * j + i)
            end do
         end do

         return

      end
```

```
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Adds 2-D arrays 'a1' and 'a2' element-wise and returns
c     result in 'a3'
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      subroutine add2d(a1,a2,a3,d1,d2)
         implicit      none

         integer       d1,         d2
         real*8        a1(d1,d2), a2(d1,d2), a3(d1,d2)

         integer       i,          j

         do j = 1 , d2
            do i = 1 , d1
               a3(i,j) = a1(i,j) + a2(i,j)
            end do
         end do

         return

      end
```

```
c-------------------------------------------------------------
c     Dumps 2-d array labelled with 'label' on stderr
c-------------------------------------------------------------
      subroutine dump2d(a,d1,d2,label)
         implicit       none

         integer        d1,       d2
         real*8         a(d1,d2)
         character*(*)  label
         integer        i,        j,        st

         if( d1 .gt. 0  .and.  d2 .gt. 0 ) then
            write(0,100) label
 100        format( /' <<< ',A,' >>>'/)
            do j = 1 , d2
               st = 1
 110           continue
                  write(0,120) ( a(i,j) , i = st , min(st+7,d1))
 120              format(' ',8F9.3)
                  st = st + 8
               if( st .le. d1 ) go to 110
               if( j .lt. d2 ) write(0,*)
            end do
         end if

         return

      end
```

```
Script started on Mon Oct  1 16:36:24 2001

#############################################################
#     Sample output from 'arraydemo'
#############################################################

lnx1 1> make arraydemo
pgf77 -g -Msecond_underscore -c arraydemo.f
pgf77 -g -Msecond_underscore -L/usr/local/PGI/lib arraydemo.o -lp410f -
Linking:

lnx1 2> arraydemo
 usage: arraydemo <n1> <n2>
FORTRAN STOP

lnx1 3> arraydemo 3 4

 <<< a1 >>>

   101.000  102.000  103.000

   201.000  202.000  203.000

   301.000  302.000  303.000

   401.000  402.000  403.000

 <<< a2 >>>

  -101.000 -102.000 -103.000

  -201.000 -202.000 -203.000

  -301.000 -302.000 -303.000
```

```
  -401.000 -402.000 -403.000

 <<< a1 + a2 >>>

     0.000    0.000    0.000

     0.000    0.000    0.000

     0.000    0.000    0.000

     0.000    0.000    0.000
FORTRAN STOP
```

```
############################################################
# Illustrates use of 'nth', a script/filter available on the
# machines for selecting columns from standard input
############################################################

Script started on Mon Oct  1 16:37:50 2001

lnx1 1> cat powers
1    1     1      1
2    4     8      16
3    9     27     81
4    16    64     256
5    25    125    625
6    36    216    1296
7    49    343    2401
8    64    512    4096
9    81    729    6561
10   100   1000   10000

lnx1 2> nth 1 2 < powers
1 1
2 4
3 9
4 16
5 25
6 36
7 49
8 64
9 81
10 100

lnx1 3> nth 1 3 1 < powers
1 1 1
2 8 2
```

```
3 27 3
4 64 4
5 125 5
6 216 6
7 343 7
8 512 8
9 729 9
10 1000 10
```