# Astronomy and Astrophysics at UBC

#### Astronomy Faculty:

Aaron Boley: Planetary Science Brett Gladman: Planetary Science Mark Halpern: Cosmology Gary Hinshaw: Cosmology Jeremy Heyl: Compact Objects Paul Hickson: Galaxies, Instrumentation Jaymie Matthews: Extrasolar Planets Bill McCutcheon: Interstellar Medium Harvey Richer: Stellar Populations Douglas Scott: Large Scale Structure Kris Sigurdson: Particle Astrophysics Ingrid Stairs: Pulsars and Gravity Ludovic van Waerbeke: Weak Lensing Jasper Wall: Radio Galaxies www.astro.ubc.ca

Photo: Alma as seen from the Atacama Cosmology Telescope. Chile



The Solar SystemPlanet formation and evolutionExtra-solar planets

Modeling of how particles are altered as they pass through a bow shock connects properties of meteroites to their history and that of the solar system





1000 <sup>n</sup>

800

600 400

200

Tempera

Search for and detection of Kuiper belt objects provides a data set from which the dynamic history fo the solar system can be inferred



**Figure 1.** MOST 2012 light curve after de-correlation of magnitudes from sky background and x and y pixel position, and the running average correction for straylight variations at the MOST orbital period.



Figure 2. 2011 and 2012 photometry phased at the orbital period of 55 Cnc e and averaged in 5-min phase bins. The red line is the best-fitting transit model without a secondary eclipse parameter, based on the values in column 2 of Table 1. See Section 3 for details

### Harvey Richer Jeremy Heyl Stellar Populations

Some of the deepest images ever made with Hubble lead to new determinations of stellar ages and new understanding of formation dynamics



#### Harvey Richer

Winner of the Beals Award for Outstanding achievement in Research for 2013-2014



Ingrid Stairs, Jeremy Heyl

**Pulsar Astrophysics** 

- •Pulsar searches and high precision timing
- Tests of Relativity
- •Binary stellar evolution
- •Mechanical properties of neutronstar crusts
- •Birthrate of magnetars







LIMITS ON THE STOCHASTIC GRAVITATIONAL WAVE BACKGROUND FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN NANOHERTZ OBSERVATORY FOR GRAVITATIONAL WAVES





Nano-grav is a program to search for very low frequency (f~1/y) Gravitational radiation by timing many pulsars.

FIG. 1.— Overview of timing residuals for all sources, showing observational cadence and coverage during the five-year time span. The gap in 2007 was due to an extended maintenance period at both telescopes. The full scale of the y-axis is 10  $\mu$ s in all cases.

## Physical Cosmology:

Mark Halpern, Gary Hinshaw, Douglas Scott,

Kris Sigurdson, Ludo van Waerbeke







# CHIME: Halpern Hinshaw Sigurdson,



- Thirty Meter Telescope
  - Science Advisory Committee
  - Adaptive optics system
  - Sodium LIDAR studies
- Other Projects
  - LZT 6-m telescope
  - Robotic telescope in Chile
  - Site testing in the Arctic



